

WHO ARE WE BUILDING SMART CITIES FOR?

EQUITY AND INCLUSION IN
SMART CITY DESIGN

ZACHARY SPICER

WHAT IS DRIVING SMART CITY DEVELOPMENT?

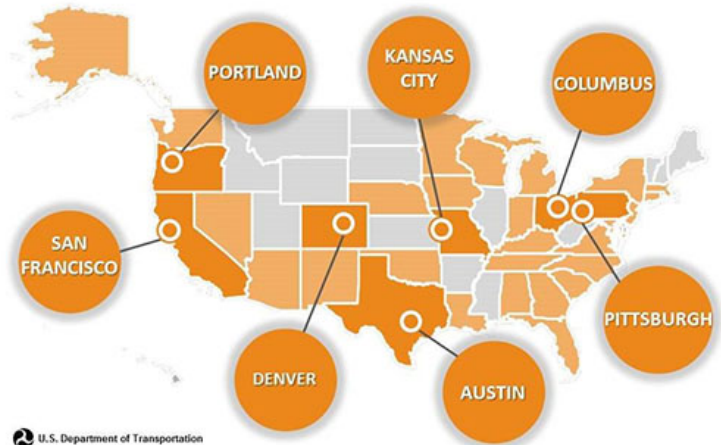
The 2018 World's Smartest Cities

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. SEATTLE | 6. PARIS |
| 2. OTTAWA | 7. CALGARY |
| 3. VANCOUVER | 8. SAN FRANCISCO |
| 4. MOSCOW | 9. MONTREAL |
| 5. ST. PETERSBURG | 10. TORONTO |

The Top 10 Smartest Cities

New York is the world's most important economic center, ranking first for this dimension, and is in second place for Technology. London tops the Mobility and Transportation and the Human Capital dimensions, being the city with the most schools and universities. International Impact, Paris is the top destination. However, cohesion scores, respectively. It is does not yet exist improvement.

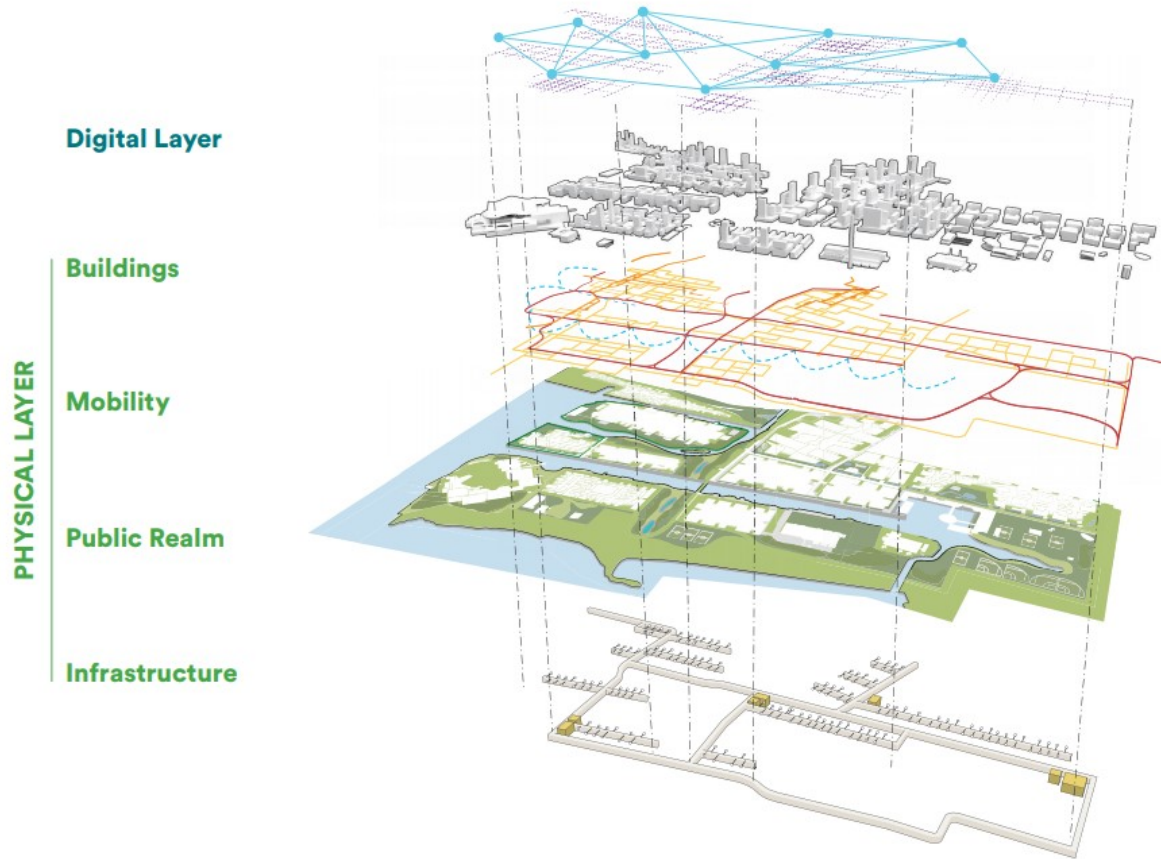
Smart City Challenge Finalists



SMART CITIES
CHALLENGE

#smartcitiesCanada

A DIGITAL GATED COMMUNITY?

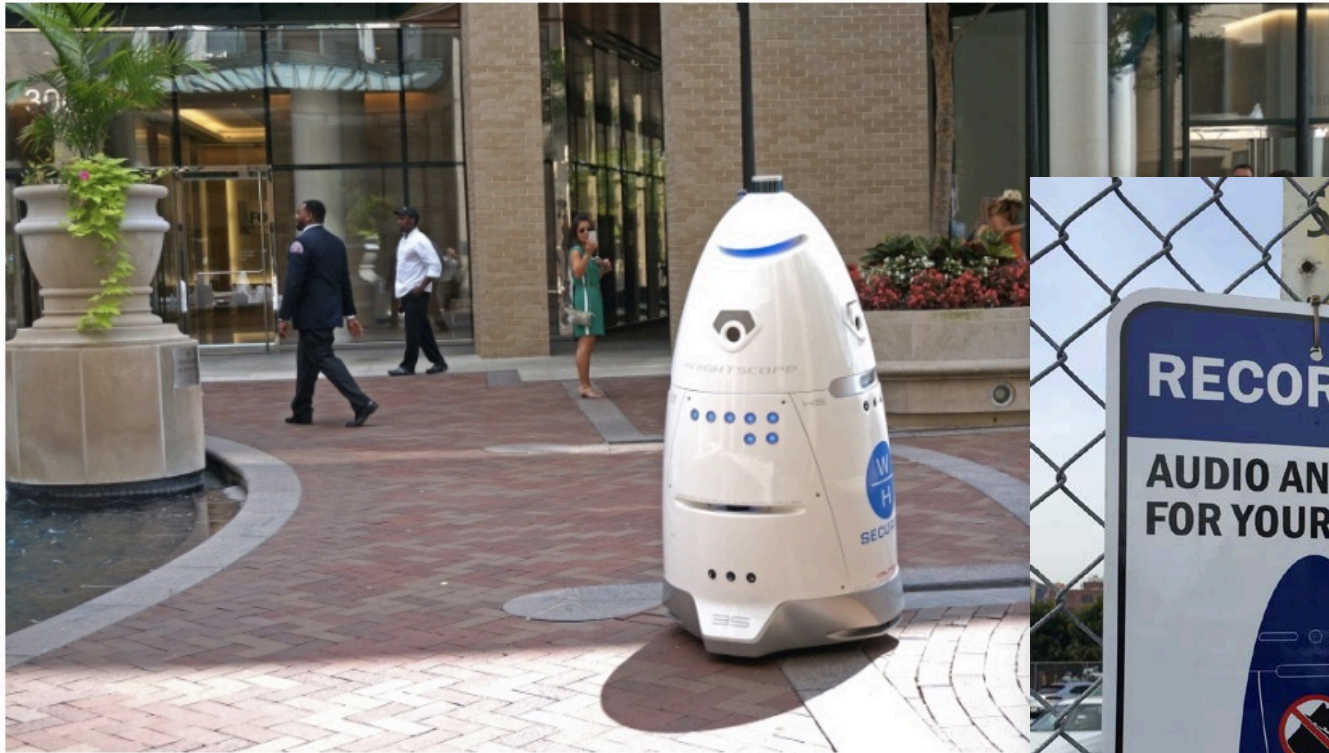


A 'PERSONALIZED' URBAN EXPERIENCE

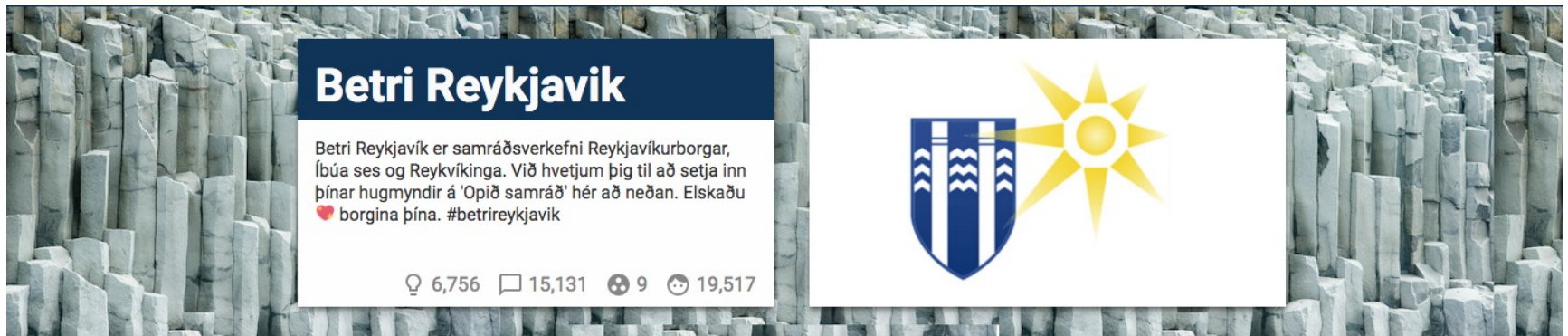
DIGI-TEL RESIDENTS CLUB AND THE CITY CARD. MOBILE APP



San Francisco SPCA deployed this security robot to chase off homeless people



A PATHWAY TO DIGITAL INCLUSION?



COMMUNITIES (9)


NEWS



MÓTUM OKKUR
MENNTASTEFNU

Mótum okkur
menntastefnu

Hér fer fram opið samráð um áherslur í nýrri menntastefnu fram til ársins 2030. Hugmyndasöfnun hefur farið fram meðal barna, starfsfólks og



Opið samráð

Hér er að finna ýmis verkefni sem unnin hafa verið á Betri Reykjavík. Í þín rödd í ráðum borgarinnar verða efstu hugmyndir sendar til viðeigandi...



Hverfið mitt 2017

Opið var fyrir hugmyndir að nýframkvæmdum og viðhaldsverkefnum í Reykjavík til 24. mars og kosning fer fram í haust.

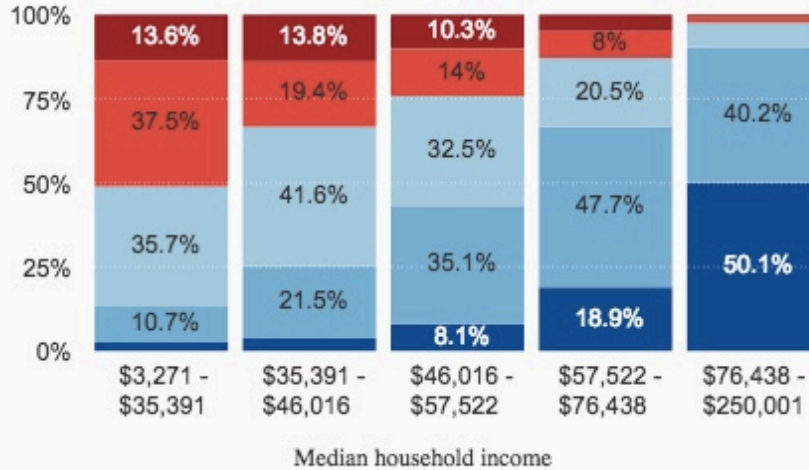


Gufunesbær

Frístundamiðstöðin Gufunesbær var stofnuð haustið 1998 og er rekin af Skóla- og frístundasviði Reykjavíkur. Eitt mikilvægasta markmiðið í starfi...

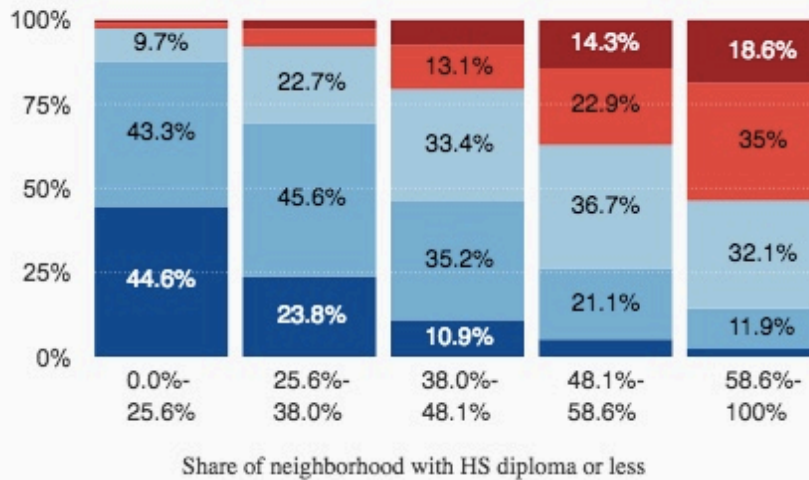
Share of population by neighborhood broadband subscription rate ...

... for neighborhoods with low to high median household income



Subscription rate (%): 0-20 20-40 40-60 60-80 80-100

... for neighborhoods with low to high shares of residents who have not attained education beyond high school



	Any cellphone	Smartphone	Cellphone, but not smartphone
Total	95%	77%	18%
Men	96%	78%	18%
Women	94%	75%	19%
White	94%	77%	17%
Black	94%	72%	23%
Hispanic	98%	75%	23%
Ages 18-29	100%	92%	8%
30-49	99%	88%	11%
50-64	97%	74%	23%
65+	80%	42%	38%
Less than high school graduate	92%	54%	39%
High school graduate	92%	69%	23%
Some college	96%	80%	16%
College graduate	97%	89%	8%
Less than \$30,000	92%	64%	29%
\$30,000-\$49,999	95%	74%	21%
\$50,000-\$74,999	96%	83%	13%
\$75,000+	99%	93%	6%
Urban	95%	77%	17%
Suburban	96%	79%	16%
Rural	94%	67%	27%

Source: Pew
Research
Centre

BUILDING EQUITY INTO THE SYSTEM



BUILDING EQUITY INTO THE SYSTEM



PROMISE AND PERIL

Promise	Peril
Create smart living by improving quality of life, increasing choice, utility, safety and security	Prioritize the investment of vested interests, reinforce inequality and deepen levels of control and regulation, rather than creating a more socially just and equal society
Produce smart people by creating a more informed citizenry and fostering creativity, inclusivity, empowerment and participation	Technologies deployed have profound social, political and ethical effects, introducing new forms of social regulation, control and governance, extending surveillance and eroding privacy and enabling social sorting